THE LOWER TRENT REGION CONSERVATION AUTHORITY

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024



LOWER TRENT CONSERVATION

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Registered Charitable Organization No. 107646598RR0001

MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

The financial statements of The Lower Trent Region Conservation Authority are the responsibility of management and have been approved by the Board.

The financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, as issued by the Public Sector Accounting Board of The Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. A summary of the significant accounting policies are described in Note 2 to the financial statements. The preparation of financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates based on management's judgment, particularly when transactions affecting the current accounting period cannot be finalized with certainty until future periods.

The Authority's management maintains a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are properly authorized and recorded in compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements, and reliable financial information is available on a timely basis for preparation of the financial statements. These systems are monitored and evaluated by management.

The financial statements have been audited by Welch LLP, independent external auditors appointed by the Authority, in accordance with Canadian auditing standards. The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of their examination and their opinion on the Authority's financial statements.

Rhonda Bateman

Chief Administrative Officer

Chitra Gowda

Manager, Corporate Services

March 13, 2025



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of THE LOWER TRENT REGION CONSERVATION AUTHORITY

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of **THE LOWER TRENT REGION CONSERVATION AUTHORITY**, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2024, and the statements of surplus, changes in net financial assets, operations and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Authority as at December 31, 2024, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Authority in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises:

The information, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon, in the Annual Report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in this auditor's report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Authority or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Authority's financial reporting process.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (continued)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Authority to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and
 whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair
 presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Trenton, Ontario March 13, 2025 CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS LICENSED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

THE LOWER TRENT REGION CONSERVATION AUTHORITY

(Established Under the Conservation Authorities Act of Ontario)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION **DECEMBER 31, 2024**

	2024		2023
FINANCIAL ASSETS			
Cash	\$ 2,080,733	\$	1,872,797
Short term investment - note 4	69,973	Ψ	67,661
Accounts receivable	0,,,,,		07,001
Municipalities	129,224		140,066
Other	58,085		210,857
	2,338,015	_	2,291,381
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	202,949		122,583
Unearned revenue	10,754		22,151
Due to partnership programs - note 6 Deferred contributions - note 5	8,093		213,741
Deterted contributions - note 3	81,678	_	132,100
	303,474		490,575
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	2,034,541	_	1,800,806
NON FINANCIAL ASSETS			
Tangible capital assets - schedule 4	3,043,443		3,037,157
Prepaid expenditures	31,786		23,863
	3,075,229		3,061,020
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS	\$5,109,770	\$	4,861,826
Represented by:			
Operating fund - <i>note</i> 7	1,276,574		1,066,195
Reserve funds - note 8	789,753		758,474
Equity in tangible capital assets	3,043,443		3,037,157
	5,109,770		4,861,826
			.,501,020

Approved by the Board

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THE LOWER TRENT REGION CONSERVATION AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF SURPLUS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	2024	2023
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, beginning of year	\$4,861,826	\$4,739,957
Annual surplus	247,944	121,869
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, end of year	\$5,109,770	\$4,861,826

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	2024	2023
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS, beginning of year	\$1,800,806	\$1,716,189
Annual surplus Acquisition of tangible capital assets Proceeds on disposition of tangible capital assets Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets Change in prepaid expenditures	247,944 (66,902) 2,600 (2,573) 60,589 (7,923)	121,869 (112,965) - - 55,889 19,824
	233,735	84,617
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS, end of year	\$ 2,034,541	\$1,800,806

THE LOWER TRENT REGION CONSERVATION AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	2024 Budget (Note 11)	2024 Actual	2023 Actual
REVENUE - OPERATING			
Government grants - provincial Municipal levies - operating Recoveries - property taxes Legal enquiries and permits Plan review Property rental Grants - stewardship projects Tree seedling and native potted plants Donations - unrestricted Dedicated contributions recognized - note 5 Municipal agreements	\$ 68,831 1,235,238 22,167 180,000 130,000 30,333 - 25,000 3,000 23,760 249,406	\$ 68,831 1,235,239 23,628 158,620 111,115 32,820 107,039 38,382 2,950 55,498 249,406	\$ 68,831 1,078,275 24,109 187,138 134,760 36,896 198,389 39,263 5,482 76,634 128,999
Recovered from partnership programs - note 10 Government grants - federal Interest Sundry	366,000 27,804 30,000 2,391,539	334,983 9,868 113,940 10 2,542,329	274,789 9,960 117,257 793 2,381,575
EXPENDITURES - OPERATING Category 1 (Mandatory), Schedule 1 Category 2 (Non-mandatory), Schedule 2 Category 3 (Non-mandatory), Schedule 3	2,079,471 144,757 167,311 2,391,539	2,010,420 122,157 157,743 2,290,320	1,972,294 130,353 200,347 2,302,994
Annual surplus before capital items - note 7		252,009	78,581
CAPITAL ITEMS Municipal levies - capital Municipal special benefitting levy - capital Government grant - provincial - capital project Major repairs and maintenance Amortization Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets	98,105 - - (219,400) - - - (121,295)	98,104 - (44,153) (60,589) 2,573 (4,065)	98,105 462 610 - (55,889) - 43,288
ANNUAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT)	<u>\$ (121,295)</u>	\$ 247,944	\$ 121,869

(See accompanying notes)

THE LOWER TRENT REGION CONSERVATION AUTHORITY SCHEDULE 1 - CATEGORY 1 (MANDATORY) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	2024 Budget (Note 11)	2024 Actual	2023 Actual
REVENUE Government grants - provincial Municipal levies - operating Recoveries - property taxes Legal enquiries and permits Plan review Property rental Grants - stewardship projects Donations - unrestricted Recovered from partnership programs Government grants - federal Interest Sundry	\$ 68,831 1,235,238 22,167 180,000 130,000 30,333 - 3,000 366,000 13,902 30,000	\$ 68,831 1,235,239 23,628 158,620 111,115 32,820 106,664 2,950 334,983 5,234 113,940 10 2,194,034	\$ 68,831 1,078,275 24,109 187,138 134,760 36,896 141,619 5,482 274,789 - 117,257 793 2,069,949
EXPENDITURES Natural hazard management			
StaffingOperationalProvincial water quality monitoring	547,843 146,338	575,880 140,409	553,203 126,067
- Staffing - Operational	24,284 -	- 1,243	14,033
Local/regional drinking water source protection - Staffing Core watershed-based resource management	110,000	112,834	109,226
StaffingOperationalConservation authority lands and areas	500	- -	30,000
- Staffing - Operational Enabling services	242,600 121,669	272,451 158,880	286,718 180,814
- Staffing - Operational	601,368 284,869	579,226 169,497	505,811 166,422
	2,079,471	2,010,420	1,972,294
ANNUAL SURPLUS	\$ -	\$ 183,614	\$ 97,655



THE LOWER TRENT REGION CONSERVATION AUTHORITY SCHEDULE 2 - CATEGORY 2 (NON-MANDATORY) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	4 Budget Note 11)	2024 Actual		2023 Actual
REVENUE Municipal agreements Government grants	\$ 144,757 - 144,757	\$ 138,650 - 138,650	\$ —	128,999 5,620 134,619
EXPENDITURES Local risk management part IV and education - Staffing - Operational	 117,939 26,818 144,757	 117,053 5,104 122,157		110,837 19,516 130,353
ANNUAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT)	\$ _	\$ 16,493	_\$_	4,266

THE LOWER TRENT REGION CONSERVATION AUTHORITY SCHEDULE 3 - CATEGORY 3 (NON-MANDATORY) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

		24 Budget Note 11)		2024 Actual	 2023 Actual
REVENUE Municipal agreements Grants - stewardship projects Tree seedling and native potted plants Dedicated contributions recognized Government grants - summer students and interns	\$	104,649 - 25,000 23,760 13,902 167,311	\$	110,756 375 38,382 55,498 4,634 209,645	\$ 56,770 39,263 76,634 4,340
EXPENDITURES	1	107,511	-	209,043	 177,007
Youth education					
- Staffing		51,825		52,683	57,855
- Operational Community outreach		15,000		6,255	7,008
- Staffing		-		2,088	21,654
 Operational Local water quality monitoring 		25,000		28,171	72,306
- Staffing		53,353		46,411	23,273
- Operational		22,133		22,135	 18,251
		167,311		157,743	 200,347
ANNUAL SURPLUS	\$		\$	51,902	\$ (23,340)

THE LOWER TRENT REGION CONSERVATION AUTHORITY SCHEDULE 4 - TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Net book value for year ended December 31, 2024	Opening Balance Amortization Disposals Closing Balance	Accumulated Amortization:	Opening Balance Additions Disposals Closing Balance	Historical Costs:
2,116,658		1	2,116,658	Land \$
524,014	343,575 13,435 - 357,010	001,024	881,024 - - 881,024	Buildings, structures and bridges
166,368	178,497 4,266 - 182,763	J42,131	349,131	Flood and Erosion Control Infrastructure \$
84,492	48,138 2,167 - 50,305	104,797	134,797 - -	Roads, parking lots and trails
12,412	38,259 3,103 - 41,362	33,774	39,578 14,196 -	Furniture and fixtures
66,573	60,045 4,565 (24,270) 40,340	100,713	78,503 52,707 (24,297)	Equipment
584	38,187 250 - 38,437	39,021	39,021	Office equipment \$
54,020	158,427 23,153 - 181,580	233,000	235,600	Vehicles \$
18,323	86,598 9,650 - 96,248	114,5/1	114,571	Computer Equipment
3,043,443 3,037,157	951,726 60,589 (24,270) 988,045	4,031,488 3,988,883	3,988,883 66,902 (24,297)	2024 Total
3,037,157	895,837 55,889 - 951,726	3,988,883	3,875,918 112,965	2023 Total

(See accompanying notes)

THE LOWER TRENT REGION CONSERVATION AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	2024	2023
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Annual surplus Adjustments for:	\$ 247,944	\$ 121,869
Amortization	60.500	55,000
Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets	60,589	55,889
cam on disposar of tanglole capital assets	(2,573)	
	305,960	177,758
Change in non-cash operating balances:		
Accounts receivable	163,614	(197,229)
Prepaid expenditures	(7,923)	19,824
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	80,366	9,243
Unearned revenue	(11,397)	(10,216)
Due to partnership programs	(205,648)	(37,856)
Deferred contributions	(50,422)	(65,833)
	274,550	_(104,309)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS		
Purchase of tangible capital assets	(66,902)	(112,965)
Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets	2,600	-
	(64,302)	(112,965)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING TRANSACTIONS		
Purchase of short-term investment	(2,312)	(2,859)
	·	
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	207,936	(220,133)
CASH, beginning of year	1,872,797	2,092,930
CASH, end of year	\$2,080,733	\$1,872,797

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

The Lower Trent Region Conservation Authority ("the Authority") is established under the Conservation Authorities Act of Ontario to provide for the organization and delivery of programs and services that further the conservation, restoration, development and management of natural resources in watersheds in Ontario. The watersheds include areas in the Municipalities of Centre Hastings, Trent Hills and Brighton, the Townships of Alnwick/Haldimand, Cramahe and Stirling-Rawdon, and the City of Quinte West.

The Authority is a registered charity and is exempt from income taxes.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Authority follows Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards as issued by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) in preparing its financial statements. The significant accounting policies used are as follows:

Basis of accounting

Revenue and expenditures are recorded on the accrual basis, whereby they are reflected in the accounts in the year in which they have been earned and incurred, respectively, whether or not such transactions have been settled by the receipt or payment of money.

Appropriations to reserves

Authorities may establish reserves by appropriating amounts to earmark them for specific purposes. Appropriations to or from reserves are disclosed in note 7 and note 8 as appropriations from or to the operating fund.

Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization and are classified according to their functional use. Amortization is recorded on a declining balance basis commencing in the year the asset is put into service. Donated tangible capital assets are reported at fair value at the time of donation. Amortization rates are as follows:

Buildings, structures and bridges	2.5%
Flood and erosion control	
infrastructure	2.5%
Roads, parking lots and trails	2.5%
Furniture and fixtures	20%
Equipment	20%
Office equipment	30%
Vehicles	30%
Computer equipment	30 to 45%

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue recognition

The Authority recognizes revenue as follows:

Municipal levies - general are recognized in the fiscal year in which they are levied.

The Provincial government annual operating grant is recognized in the fiscal year to which the grant relates to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred.

User fees and sales are recognized when the service has been performed or the goods have been transferred.

Other grants and specified donations are recognized when the related net expenditures have been incurred.

Property rental income is recognized over the lease term.

General donations are recognized when received.

Any funding received for which the related services have not been performed and/or the related expenditures have not been incurred at the end of the fiscal year are recorded as unearned revenue.

Investment income, which includes interest on bank accounts and distributions from mutual funds, is recognized when earned.

Investments

Investments, which consist of mutual funds, are measured at acquisition cost.

Financial instruments

The Authority initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value adjusted by, in the case where a financial asset or financial liability is subsequently measured at amortized cost, the amount of transaction costs directly attributable to the instrument. The Authority subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost. Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash, accounts receivable and short term investment. Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities, due to partnership programs, unearned revenue and deferred contributions. The purchase and sale of investments are accounted for using settlement date accounting. Transaction costs associated with the acquisition of investments and investment management fees are expensed as incurred.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Liability for contaminated sites

A contaminated site is a site at which substances occur, in concentrations that exceed the maximum acceptable amounts under an environmental standard. Sites that are currently in productive use are only considered a contaminated sites if an unexpected event results in contamination. A liability for remediation of contaminated sites is recognized when the Authority is directly responsible or accepts responsibility, it is expected that future economic benefits will be given up and a reasonable estimate of the amount can be made. The liability includes all costs directly attributable to remediation activities including post remediation operations, maintenance and monitoring. The liability is recorded net of any expected recoveries. These statements do not include any liability for contaminated sites.

Pension expense and obligation

The cost of employer contributions to the multi-employer defined benefit pension plan are charged to operations in the same year as the related employee salaries and wages to which the contributions relate. No provision is made for any funding liability or surplus related to this plan.

Asset retirement obligations

Liabilities are recognized for statutory, contractual or legal obligations, associated with the retirement of tangible capital assets when those obligations result from the acquisition, construction, development or normal operation of the assets. The obligations are measured initially at fair value, determined using present value methodology, and the resulting costs capitalized into the carrying amount of the related asset. In subsequent periods, the liability is adjusted for the accretion of discount and any changes in the amount or timing of the underlying future cash flows. The capitalized asset retirement cost is amortized on the same basis as the related asset and the discount accretion is included in determining the results of operations. These statements do not include any asset retirement obligations.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Items requiring the use of significant estimates include determining the estimated useful lives of tangible capital assets. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

3. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Credit risk

The Authority is exposed to credit risk resulting from the possibility that parties may default on their financial obligations. The Authority's maximum exposure to credit risk represents the sum of the carrying value of its cash, accounts receivable and investments. The Authority's cash and investments are with Canadian banks while the accounts receivable are largely amounts due from governments and as a result management believes the risk of loss to be remote. All of the receivables are current.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Authority cannot meet a demand for cash or fund its obligations as they become due. The Authority meets its liquidity requirements by preparing and monitoring detailed forecasts of cash flows from operations. anticipating investing and financing activities and holding assets that can readily be converted to cash. Substantially all of the accounts payable and accrued liabilities are anticipated to be settled within six months of the year end.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk is comprised of currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

a) Currency risk

Currency risk refers to the risk that the fair value of financial instruments or future cash flows associated with the instruments will fluctuate relative to the Canadian dollar due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Substantially all of the Authority's transactions are in Canadian dollars and as a result, management does not believe the Authority is exposed to significant currency risk.

a) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to the risk that the fair value of financial instruments or future cash flows associated with the instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Authority has limited interest rate risk as it bears no variable rate debt but does earn interest on its bank account based on market interest rates.

3. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

a) Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value of financial instruments or future cash flows associated with the instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from currency risk or interest rate risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or its issuer or factors affecting all similar instruments traded in the market. The Authority is not exposed to other price risk.

Fair value

Financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value are grouped into levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable.

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities using the last bid price;
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices): and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data.

The Authority has no instruments that are subsequently measured at fair value after initial recognition.

Changes in risk

There was no significant change in the Authority's risk exposure during the year.

4. SHORT TERM INVESTMENT

The short term investment consists of a T-Bill mutual fund and includes \$17,406 (2023 - \$16,830) which is restricted in use for the Shell Canada project described in Note 5. The market value of the investment is equivalent to its cost.

5. DEFERRED CONTRIBUTIONS

		2024		2023
Balance, beginning of year	\$	132,100	¢.	107.022
Contributions received in year	Ф	4,500	\$	197,933 10,090
Interest earned Expended in year		575 (55,497)		711 (76,634)
	_	(33,497)		(70,034)
Balance, end of year	\$_	81,678	\$	132,100

5. **DEFERRED CONTRIBUTIONS (continued)**

Deferred contribution balance includes the following items:

	 2024	_	2023
Shell Canada	\$ 17,406	\$	16,830
Youth Education Programs and Fundraising Initiative	 64,272	_	115,270
	\$ 81,678	\$_	132,100

The Authority received contributions in a prior year from Shell Canada that are restricted in their use towards capital improvements at the Goodrich-Loomis Conservation Centre. During the year, \$nil (2023 - \$nil) was expended for these purposes in the year.

The Authority received contributions during the current year and prior years from various donors that are restricted in their use towards Youth Education Programs and Fundraising Initiative. During the year, \$55,497 (2023 - \$76,634) was expended for these purpose in the year.

6. DUE TO PARTNERSHIP PROGRAMS

The Authority has been engaged to manage and administer non-authority programs on behalf of partners. This includes hiring and supervising the employees of these programs as well as providing technical and administrative support. The Authority is advanced funds to cover the expenditures of these programs. Separate bank accounts are not maintained for these programs. Currently, the Authority administers the Bay of Quinte Remedial Action Plan programs ("BQRAP") and the Regional Drinking Water Source Protection Program for the Trent Conservation Coalition ("RDWSP"). At the end of the current year, the Authority had the following amounts payable to these programs and funds received and expended for these programs.

	Amount payable beginning of year	Funds received in year	Expenditures	Amount payable end of year
BQRAP Governance	\$ (121)	\$ 245,260	\$ (309,935)	\$ (64,796)
BQRAP Stewardship	103,859	212,670	(244,484)	
BQRAP Total	103,738	457,930	(554,419)	7,249
RDWSP	110,003	653,377	(762,536)	844
	\$ 213,741	\$1,111,307	\$ <u>(1,316,955)</u>	\$ 8,093

6. **DUE TO PARTNERSHIP PROGRAMS (continued)**

The Authority is the signatory to funding contracts with the Federal and Ontario governments for the above noted programs. Under these contracts, there are periodic submissions of financial reports and reconciliation of expenditures incurred to the funding provided for the contract period. Funding received in excess of eligible expenditures may have to be returned to the funding government.

7. OPERATING FUND

The activity during the year in the operating fund is as follows:

	2024	2023
Balance, beginning of year Increase in net financial assets Increase (decrease) in prepaid expenditures Appropriations to reserves Appropriations from reserves	\$ 1,066,195 233,735 7,923 (131,269) 99,990	\$ 1,043,189 84,617 (19,824) (143,105) 101,318
Balance, end of year	<u>\$1,276,574</u>	\$ 1,066,195

The amounts added to the operating fund surplus for the year (before appropriations to/from reserves) is as follows:

	2024	2023
Category 1 annual operating surplus Category 2 annual operating surplus (deficit) Category 3 annual operating surplus	\$ 183,614 16,493 51,902	\$ 97,655 (37,258) 18,184
Total annual operating surplus Annual capital surplus (deficit) Add amortization Less capital asset additions Add net book value of capital assets disposed of	252,009 (4,065) 60,589 (66,902) 27	78,581 43,288 55,889 (112,965)
	\$ 241,658	\$ 64,793

8. RESERVE FUNDS

Appropriations to or from the reserve for administration facility, reserve for equipment, reserve for special projects, reserve for workshop facility, reserve for conservation lands, reserve for legal fees and reserve for youth education are specific decisions of the Authority's Board of Directors. The Provincial land reserve consists of funds received from sales of lands that are restricted in purpose to the purchase of provincially significant conservation lands, flood operations, flood control structures or hazard land mapping and require provincial approval. The activity in the various reserve funds during the year are as follows:

		Balance ginning of year		from perations		to perations	Ва	alance end of year
Reserve for buildings, structures, and bridges Reserve for vehicles and	\$	100,378	\$	47,000	\$	(29,658)	\$	117,720
equipment		90,181		30,550		(50,107)		70,624
Reserve for special projects		70,655		3,680		_		74,335
Reserve for conservation lands		15,000		_		(12,000)		3,000
Reserve for legal fees		90,000		-		_		90,000
Reserve for youth education		65,350		=		-		65,350
Provincial land reserve		225,245		-		-		225,245
Reserve for IT infrastructure		51,977		12,000		(8,225)		55,752
Reserve for land infrastructure		49,688		19,875		-		69,563
Reserve for community stewardship	_		_	18,164	-		_	18,164
	\$	758,474	\$	131,269	\$	(99,990)	\$	789,753

Appropriations from operations includes the municipal capital levy of \$98,105 approved for the year plus an additional \$33,164 approved by the Board from the 2023 surplus. Appropriations to operations of \$89,850 relate to actual spending on items approved in the capital asset management plan as well as specific items authorized by the Board as follows:

Capital assets additions Major repairs and maintenance of capital assets Proceeds on sale and trade-in of capital assets	\$ 66,902 35,688 (2,600)
	\$ 99,990

9. DONATIONS

During the year, the Authority received donations totaling \$6,950 of which \$2,950 is included as donations - unrestricted on the statement of operations with \$2,000 being restricted to use to Category 1 Stewardship Initiatives and included in Grants -Stewardship Projects and \$2,000 restricted to Youth Education Programs and Fundraising Initiative and forms part of the deferred contributions included in note 5.

10. RECOVERIES FROM PARTNERSHIP PROGRAMS

Recoveries from partnership programs are amounts recovered from the programs described in note 6 and include recovery of wages and benefits of general Authority employees, office space and automotive equipment rental and overhead costs. The amounts charged to the programs are as follows:

	2024	2023
Bay of Quinte Remedial Action Plan Regional Drinking Water Source Protection	\$ 154,762 180,221	\$ 133,660
	\$ 334,983	\$ 274,789

All of the amounts have been recovered from Category 1 programs.

11. BUDGET AMOUNTS

The budget amounts presented are as approved by the Board of Directors on December 14, 2023. This includes both the operating budget and the capital budget. The operating budget included \$2,672,660, of revenue and \$2,672,660 of expenditures for a net deficit of \$nil. However, the operating budget included certain revenues and expenditures of the Regional Drinking Water Source Protection Program that are not reflected on these financial statements and thus the operating budget presented on the statement of operations has been adjusted to show revenue of \$2,391,539 and expenditures of \$2,391,539 for a net deficit of \$nil. The capital budget included \$98,105 of revenue with projected capital expenditures of \$219,400 for a net deficit of \$121,295. The Authority does not budget for amortization. The net budgeted deficits were to be funded from prior years' accumulated surplus.

12. EXPENDITURES BY OBJECT

Operating expenditures comprise:

	2024	2023
Salaries and benefits Operating goods and services	\$ 1,758,626 531,694	\$ 1,682,610 620,384
	\$ 2,290,320	\$ 2,302,994

13. PENSION AGREEMENTS

The Authority makes contributions to the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement Fund (OMERS), which is a multi-employer plan, on behalf of the members of its staff. This plan is a defined benefit plan which specifies the amount of the retirement benefit to be received by the employees based on the length of service and rates of pay. Contributions are split equally between the employees and the Authority.

The Authority's share of contributions to OMERS for 2024 was \$148,179 (2023 - \$129,889) for current service costs, of which \$24,624 (2023 - \$19,399) related to Partnership Programs and \$124,785 (2023 - \$109,683) relates to Authority programs that are included in the statement of operations.

The OMERS plan has a reported \$2.9 billion going concern actuarial deficit at the end of 2024 (2023 - \$4.2 billion), and \$142.5 billion of going concern actuarial liabilities at the end of 2024 (2023 - \$136.2 billion).

14. UNCERTAINTY DUE TO IMPACT OF CHANGES TO THE CONSERVATION AUTHORITIES ACT AND REGULATIONS

In November 2022, the Provincial government passed Bill 23 that included amendments to the Conservation Authorities Act ("the Act") that have altered the role of Conservation Authorities ("CAs") in reviewing municipal planning applications for natural heritage. Additional pending Bill 23 amendments may further limit the role of CAs in planning and permitting. The Province has frozen CA user fees since 2023 and into 2025.

15. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

The Authority prepared its budget and financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023 in accordance with new Provincial Regulations that were effective for the 2024 fiscal year categorizing its inventory of program and services into three categories. In preparing the 2023 budget and financial statements, the Local Water Quality Monitoring program was included as Category 2. However, the Province subsequently clarified that this program should be included in Category 3. As such, the revenues and expenditures related to this program have been reclassified to Category 3. This reclassification had no impact on the prior year Annual Surplus or Accumulated Surplus.