

LOWER TRENT CONSERVATION

714 Murray Street, R.R. 1, Trenton, Ontario K8V 0N1

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Registered Charitable Organization No. 107646598RR0001

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Board of Directors refers to the General Membership as set out in the Lower Trent Conservation Administrative By-Law No. 2021-01

REGULAR BOARD MEETING MINUTES

MEETING # 2022-10

DATE: November 10, 2022

TIME: 6:50 PM

LOCATION: Administration Office, 714 Murray Street, Trenton / Virtually

PRESENT:

ON SITE		REMOTE SITE (R)
Eric Sandford (Chair)	Bob Mullin	Mike Filip
Don Clark	Rick English	Lynda Reid
Jim Alyea	Gene Brahaney	

REGRETS: Mary Tadman

ABSENT: Mark Bateman (Vice-Chair), Mark DeJong

GUESTS: Barry Pomeroy

STAFF: Rhonda Bateman, Janet Noyes, Kelly Vandette

1. Meeting called to order by the Chair

The meeting was called to order by Chair Sandford at 6:50 p.m.

2. First Nations Acknowledgement

"This land is located on the traditional territories of the Anishnabek, Huron-Wendat, and Haudenosaunee (Iroquois) peoples. We acknowledge our shared responsibilities and obligations to preserve and protect the land, air and water. We are grateful to have the privilege to meet, explore, and connect here on these shared lands. In the spirit of friendship, peace and respect, we extend our thanks to all the generations that came before us and cared for these lands - for time immemorial."

3. Disclosure of pecuniary interests

There were no pecuniary interests disclosed at this meeting.

4. Approval of the Agenda

RES: G137/22 Moved by: Bob Mullin Seconded by: Mike Filip

THAT the agenda be approved as presented.

<u>Carried</u>

5. Delegations

There were no delegations received for this meeting.

6. Public Input (3 minutes per speaker)

There was no Public Input or participation at this meeting.

- 7. Adoption of the Minutes:
 - a. Hearing Board Minutes of October 13, 2022
 - b. Special Ad-hoc Board Meeting Minutes of October 28, 2022

RES: G138/22 Moved by: Jim Alyea Seconded by: Rick English

THAT the Hearing Board Minutes of October 13, 2022; and

THAT the Special Ad-hoc Board Meeting Minutes of October 28, 2022

be adopted.

Carried

8. Business arising from these minutes – Bill 23 – More Homes Build Faster Act, 2022
Rhonda Bateman, CAO/Secretary-Treasurer spoke to the presentation provided in the agenda package.

In addition, she shared a letter from the Eastern Ontario Conservation Authorities to Premier Ford, Minister of Municipal Affairs and Housing, Minister of Natural Resources and Forestry, and Minister of the Environment, Conservation and Parks regarding Loss of Local Decision-Making: Bill 23 Does Not Work for Eastern Ontario (Attachment 1). The letter will be forwarded to Lower Trent Watershed Mayors to sign endorsement of the letter if they so desire.

RES: G139/22 Moved by: Rick English Seconded by: Mike Filip

THAT Bill 23 – More Homes Built Faster Act, 2022 presentation be

received as information.

<u>Carried</u>

STANDING ITEMS

9. Correspondence - Letter from Halton Conservation Board of Directors - Oct 31, 2022

RES: G140/22 Moved by: Bob Mullin Seconded by: Rick English

THAT the correspondence from Halton Conservation be received as

information.

Carried

10. Section 28, Ontario Regulation 163/06, Development Interference with Wetlands & Alterations to Shorelines & Watercourses Regulation - Summary of Permits approved by staff for period from October 1, 2022 to October 31, 2022

RES: G141/22 Moved by: Jim Alyea Seconded by: Gene Brahaney

THAT the summary of Section 28 Permits pursuant to Ontario Regulation 163/06 approved by staff for the period from October 1,

2022 to October 31, 2022 be received as information.

<u>Carried</u>

11. List of Monthly Payments Issued

RES: G142/22 Moved by: Bob Mullin Seconded by: Gene Brahaney

THAT the list of payroll, electronic funds transfers (EFTs) and cheque payments in the total amount of \$206,242.33 for the month of October

2022 be received as information.

<u>Carried</u>

12. Summary of Education & Outreach Activities

RES: G143/22 Moved by: Mike Filip Seconded by: Lynda Reid

THAT the summary of Recent and Upcoming Education and Outreach

Activities be received as information.

Carried

13. Updates

a. Drinking Water Source Protection Update

There was no further update for this meeting.

b. Bay of Quinte Remedial Action Plan Update

The October 2022 BQRAP Waterlogs newsletter was provided in the agenda package.

RES: G144/22 Moved by: Don Clark Seconded by: Jim Alyea

THAT the Drinking Water Source Protection Update; and

THAT the Bay of Quinte Remedial Action Plan Update be received as

information.

Carried

c. Planning and Regulations Update

The Planning and Regulations report was provided in the agenda package.

d. Flood Forecasting and Warning (FFW) and Ontario Low Water Response (OLWR) Update Janet Noyes, Manager, Development Services and Water Resources shared that there are no concerns. FCS inspections and rain gauge maintenance was conducted in October. Warkworth Dam logs were replaced and installed 10 new logs for winter setting on November 2nd and 3rd. The remaining 12 new logs will remain on site under tarps for storage.

RES: G145/22 Moved by: Rick English Seconded by: Bob Mullin

THAT the planning and regulations updates; and

THAT the flood forecasting and warning (FFW), and Ontario low water response (OLWR) updates be received as information.

<u>Carried</u>

OTHER BUSINESS

14. CAO's Report

The CAO's report was provided in the agenda package.

Chair Sandford raised two matters for consideration of future Board meetings. The first matter was to consider if the Board meetings would be best served if held during the day within LTC business hours. The second matter was to consider moving the Board meetings attendance from a hybrid arrangement back to being physically on-site.

The Board discussed the considerations.

The City of Quinte West Councillors commented that there is a conflict for them to attend the December 8th Board meeting in the evening. Rhonda Bateman will follow up with an alternative date and/or time and send members an email poll.

RES: G146/22 Moved by: Mike Filip Seconded by: Jim Alyea THAT the CAO's Report be received as information.

Carried

15. Members Inquiries/Other Business

Director Alyea recognized those members who will not be returning to the LTC Board of Directors and thanked them for their work on the Board and wished them all well in their future endeavors.

Guest, Bob Pomeroy thanked the LTC Board, Source Protection Authority Board, and Staff for all the work they have done over the years and commented that it has been a pleasure.

Director Clark commented on his tenure on the Board and complimented the Board and Staff that it has been great working with the group in supporting the important goals of protecting the environment.

Chair Sandford commented on his experience on the Board and that he has enjoyed his role as Chair. He looks forward to working with a new Chair next year as he is required to step down per the Administrative By-Law.

16. Adjournment

There being no further business, the meeting was adjourned.

RES: G147/22 Moved by: Rick English Seconded by: Don Clark

THAT the meeting be adjourned. $\underline{\text{Carried}}$

Time 7:35 p.m.	
Eric Sandford, Chair	Rhonda Bateman, CAO/ST

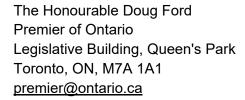
November 15, 2022











The Honourable Graydon Smith Minister of Natural Resources and Forestry Whitney Block, 99 Wellesley St W, Toronto, ON M7A 1W3 minister.mnrf@ontario.ca The Honourable Steve Clark
Minister of Municipal Affairs and Housing
College Park 17th Floor, 777 Bay St,
Toronto, ON M7A 2J3
minister.mah@ontario.ca

The Honourable David Piccini
Minister of the Environment, Conservation and Parks
College Park 5th Floor, 777 Bay St,
Toronto, ON M7A 2J3
minister.mecp@ontario.ca

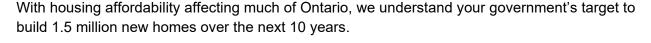


Re: Loss of Local Decision-Making: Bill 23 Does Not Work for Eastern Ontario



Dear Premier Ford, Minister Clark, Minister Smith, and Minister Piccini,













Conservation Authorities (CAs) have always supported long-term sustainable growth. In fact, our role is to ensure land-use decisions made today do not impede future growth tomorrow. We accomplish this by ensuring development has minimal impacts on flooding, erosion, slope stability and water quality by guiding development away from natural hazards and protecting the function of natural features. This can only be accomplished when evaluating growth and its cumulative impacts across a watershed, which is the value and service CAs provide to municipalities. Water flows across municipal boundaries and so do the impacts of development.

In Eastern Ontario, CAs have been working closely with municipalities to reduce barriers to development and streamline processes to provide the best service possible to municipalities, communities, homeowners, and developers. For many, this includes modernizing policies and procedures, streamlining approvals, reducing timelines, meeting and reporting on service standards, and promoting pre-consultation with applicants. CAs are not a barrier to growth, but an assurance that growth is safe and sustainable, and we have been a source of cost-effective expertise for municipalities and developers for decades.

We are committed to doing our part to help increase Ontario's housing supply, but it needs to be accomplished through smart, sustainable growth that will not have detrimental impacts down the road.

We are concerned that some changes proposed in the *More Homes Built Faster Act* will:

- Weaken the ability of conservation authorities to continue protecting people and property from natural hazards such as floods;
- Diminish our ability to protect critical natural infrastructure like wetlands which reduce flooding, droughts and improve water quality in lakes and rivers; and,
- Place new downloaded responsibilities on municipalities related to natural hazards and natural resources that they are unprepared and under resourced to tackle.

We are calling on your government to press pause on the proposed changes highlighted below and to reconvene the multi-stakeholder *Conservation Authorities Working Group* that your government created. This group can help identify alternative solutions that will increase Ontario's housing supply without jeopardizing public safety or downloading additional responsibilities to municipalities. At a time when climate change is causing more frequent and intense storm events, the role and watershed mandate of CAs has never been more critical.

Proposed Changes of Concern and Their Potential Impact:

- 1. If <u>conservation authorities are no longer allowed to provide planning comments to municipalities</u> beyond natural hazards:
 - Municipalities have indicated that they will need to contract this work out to the private sector, where there is already a limited labour market, as most do not have the expertise or capacity to take on this expanded role.
 - Municipalities anticipate higher costs, and possible delays, that will be passed on to
 applicants and developers. The current model enables municipalities to use existing
 expertise within the CAs (such as biologists, water resource engineers, ecologists,
 hydrogeologists) to fulfill responsibilities under the Provincial Policy Statement pertaining
 to natural heritage and water, while saving time and money for applicants.
 - Municipalities have shared conflict of interest concerns due to the limited availability of
 consultants in Eastern Ontario and shared concerns about the lack of local knowledge
 should they need to secure consultants from other regions.
 - Municipalities are also concerned with the loss of the watershed perspective in making
 planning decisions, which will result in a narrow review of the impacts to natural hazards
 and natural heritage. Municipalities formed CAs to address this very issue.

- 2. If <u>development that is subject to a planning approval is exempt from requiring a permit from the conservation authority:</u>
 - Municipalities will assume greater responsibility and liability for the impact of development on flooding, erosion, slope stability and water quality within municipal boundaries and in upstream and downstream communities.
 - Municipalities and CAs will require more detailed studies and designs at the planning stage which are normally not required until the permitting stage. This would make planning applications more onerous and costly for developers and slow down approvals.
 - Municipalities will also have limited mechanisms to ensure compliance outside of the permitting process if development is not constructed properly.
- 3. If <u>certain types of development are deemed "low risk" and exempted from requiring a</u> conservation authority permit:
 - Public safety and property damage risks may not be adequately addressed as a single
 list of exempted activities across the province will not capture local conditions and
 constraints. Some activities which may be low risk in one watershed, such as fencing or
 auxiliary buildings, may be a significant risk in others that have retrogressive landslide
 areas or ravines.
 - It should also be acknowledged that CAs already have the ability to exempt or streamline review processes for activities that are low risk in their watershed and this practice is already in use by most CAs.
- 4. If the scope of conservation authority permits is narrowed to only address natural hazard issues (removal of "pollution" and "conservation of land" considerations, restrictions on conditions that can be required as part of a permit):
 - CAs may not be able to require development setbacks from water, protect naturalized shorelines or require sediment control during construction.
 - CAs would no longer be able to address water quality concerns, which are required under federally and provincially approved "Remedial Action Plans" for designated "Areas of Concern".
 - CAs use pollution and conservation of land considerations and conditions to limit sediment and nutrient runoff into lakes and rivers that contribute to poor water quality, excessive weed growth and algae blooms. Municipalities would become responsible to address these types of concerns.

- Water quality in lakes and rivers is an important economic driver in Eastern Ontario as it
 impacts property values, tourism, recreation, and commercial fisheries, and it is the source
 of drinking water for many permanent and seasonal residences.
- CAs and municipalities would welcome a consistent definition of "conservation of land" in the new regulations, pertaining to the protection, management, and restoration of lands to maintain or enhance hydrological and ecological functions.
- 5. If the <u>protection of wetlands is diminished</u> (changes to wetland evaluation criteria, elimination of wetland complexing, reduction in the area around wetlands that is regulated, introduction of offsetting measures to compensate for wetland loss and the withdrawal of MNRF as the body responsible for wetland mapping and evaluations):
 - Municipalities are concerned that the withdrawal of MNRF from administering the
 Ontario Wetland Evaluation System and maintaining wetland mapping will be
 downloaded to municipalities to manage reevaluation reports from consultants and
 maintain up-to-date wetland mapping that is needed for development review.
 - Municipalities and CAs are concerned that there will be a loss of wetlands that will have immediate and long-term impacts. Removing wetlands is like removing dams and reservoirs. Wetlands act as infrastructure that absorb and retain a significant volume of snow melt and rain which reduces flood levels during spring runoff and storm events. They also release this water slowly throughout the rest of the year, helping augment water levels in lakes and rivers during low flow periods which reduces drought conditions. Wetlands also filter nutrients and sediment from runoff which improves water quality.
 - These benefits are particularly important where lakes and rivers are supporting
 agriculture, recreation, tourism, and fisheries and acting as a source of drinking water.
 Municipalities and CAs could never afford to build the infrastructure it would take to
 replace wetland functions which is estimated to be billions.
- 6. If the Minister freezes conservation authority fees:
 - Taxpayers, not developers, would absorb increasing costs for development review. In this scenario, growth would not be paying for growth.
 - Legislative amendments made earlier this year directed conservation authorities to demonstrate that self-generated revenue such as fees for service are considered where possible to reduce pressure on the municipal levy. This includes plan review and permitting fees that are collected to offset program costs, but not exceed them.

Recommendations:

- 1. <u>Municipalities should retain the choice to enter into agreements with conservation authorities</u> for natural heritage and water-related plan review services.
 - Recent legislative amendments by this government now require agreements to include defined terms, timelines, and performance measures, and CAs have demonstrated that they can provide these comments to municipalities in a cost-effective and timely manner. CAs are also already prevented by these earlier amendments from commenting beyond natural hazards if they do not have an agreement with a municipality.
- 2. <u>Development that is subject to plan approval should not be exempt from requiring a conservation authority permit.</u>
 - The planning process is not sufficient to ensure natural hazard concerns are addressed through appropriate design and construction. This change would also place additional responsibility and liability on municipalities.
- 3. <u>Conservation authorities should determine which types of developments are deemed "low risk" through their regulations policies.</u>
 - CAs are already able to create exemptions and streamline review processes that are appropriate locally, given watersheds have unique conditions.
- 4. <u>Maintain "pollution" and "conservation of land" as considerations when conservation</u> <u>authorities are reviewing permit applications but provide a clear definition of each to ensure a consistent approach on how it is applied.</u>
 - Streamlining these definitions will allow CAs to provide consistency to municipalities and developers and meet obligations under other pieces of legislation that require water quality-related comments from CAs.
- 5. Continue to protect wetlands to reduce flooding, provide flow augmentation.
 - Wetlands are critical pieces of natural infrastructure and municipalities cannot afford to build the infrastructure it would take to replicate wetland function to protect upstream and downstream communities from flooding and drought.
- 6. Do not freeze fees to ensure growth pays for growth.
 - Recent legislative amendments by this government now require CAs to demonstrate through their budget process that development review fees are offsetting, but not exceeding, program costs.

Thank you for the opportunity to share our concerns and recommendations with you.

Our goal is to support you in creating more housing in Ontario while ensuring changes to Ontario's land use planning and permitting system do not have unintended and irreversible consequences on the protection of people, property, and natural resources.

We sincerely hope that you will remove the amendments we have highlighted from Bill 23 before it is passed, and that you will reconvene your government's *Conservation Authorities Working Group* to work with your Ministry to propose alternative improvements and refinements to conservation authority development review processes.

Sincerely,

Martin Lang,

Chair

Raisin Region Conservation Authority

Pierre Leroux

Chair

South Nation River Conservation Authority

Pieter Leenhouts

Chair

Rideau Valley Conservation Authority

Jeff Atkinson

Chair

Mississippi Valley Conservation Authority

Paul McAuley

Chair

Cataraqui Region Conservation Authority

James Flieler

Chair

Quinte Conservation Authority

Ján O'Neill

Chair

Crowe Valley Conservation Authority

Eric Sandford

Chair

Lower Trent Conservation Authority

Ryan Huntley

Ryan Huntley

Chair

Otonabee Region Conservation Authority

Mark Lovshin

Chair

Ganaraska Region Conservation Authority

This letter has also been endorsed by the following municipal partners: